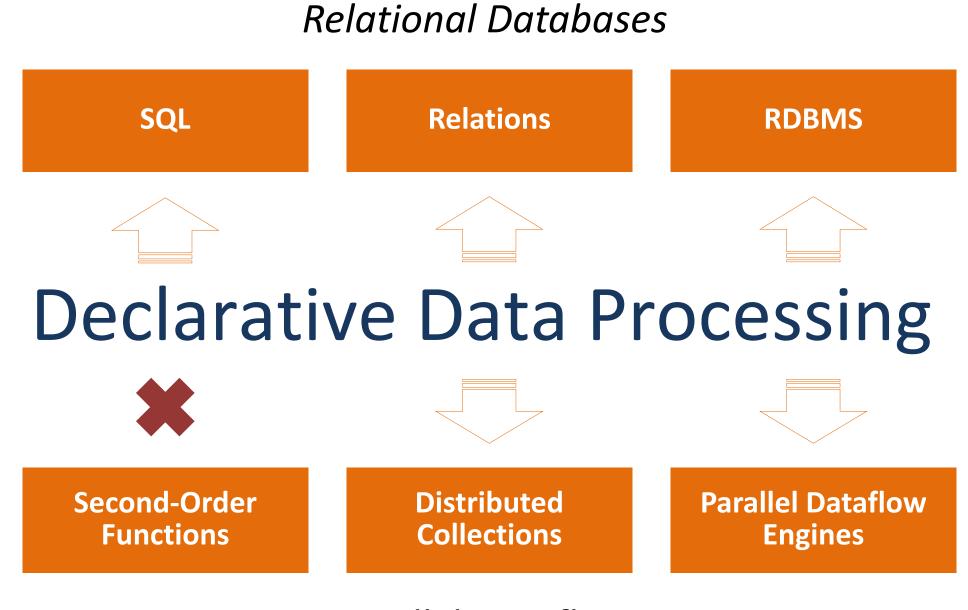
# Emma in Action: Declarative Dataflows for Scalable Data Analysis

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# Context

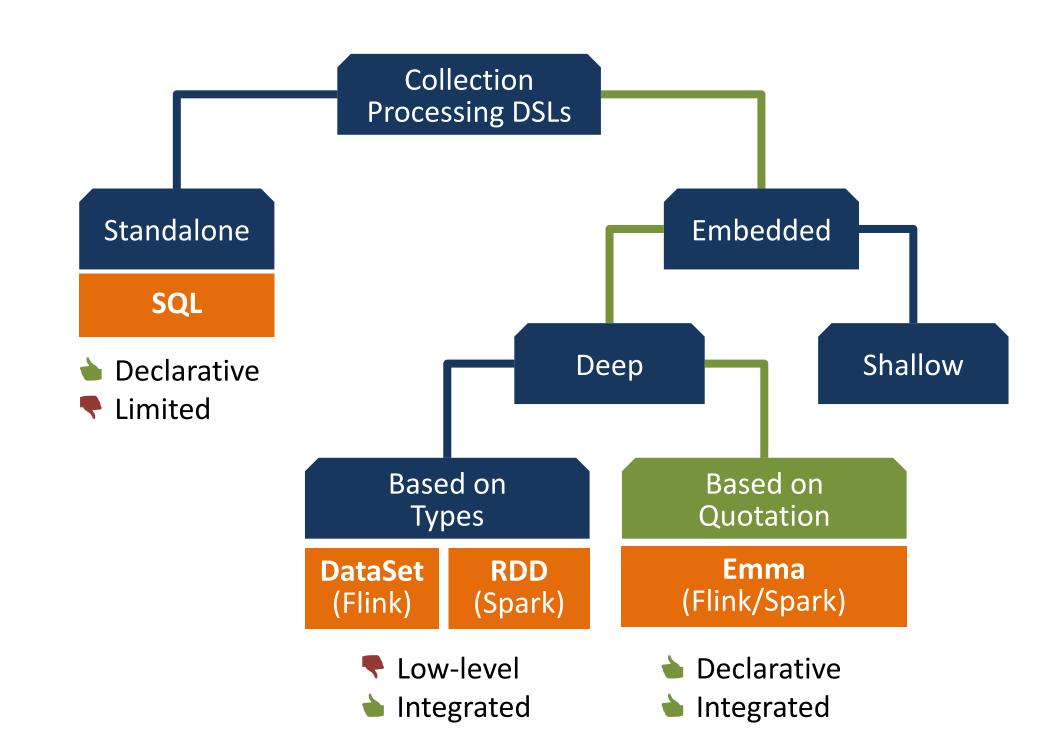


Parallel Dataflows

**SQL** is **declarative**, but is designed for querying data. Advanced dataflows characterized by heavy use of library methods, control flow, and nesting stretch its limits.

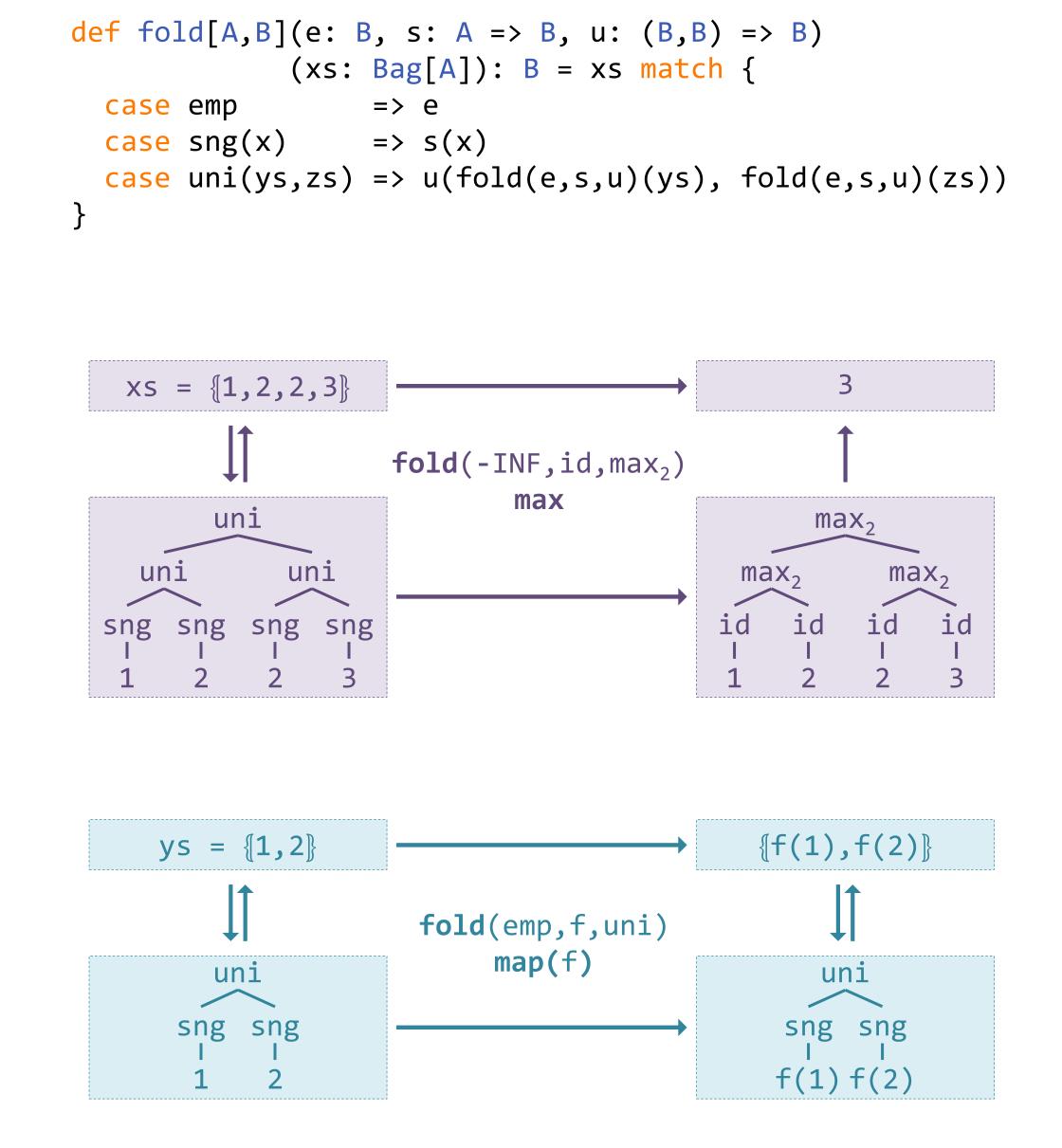
**Embedded dataflow DSLs** overcome these problems, but are **too low-level**. Runtime aspects like caching, partitioning, and aggregation need to be hard-coded by the programmer.

The benefits of the two can we combined if we change the embedding strategy.



# Declarative Dataflows Beyond SQL

#### Distributed Bags, Union Representation and Folds



#### **Comprehension Syntax**

Comprehensions generalize SQL and are available as first-class syntax in modern general purpose programming languages.

# Maths

$$\{ (x, y) \mid x \in xs, y \in ys, x = y \}$$

# SQL

SELECT 
$$x$$
,  $y$  FROM  $x$  AS  $xs$ ,  $y$  AS  $ys$  WHERE  $x = y$ 

# Python

[ 
$$(x, y)$$
 for x in xs, y in ys if x == y ]

# Scala

for 
$$(x \leftarrow xs; y \leftarrow ys; if x == y)$$
 yield  $(x, y)$ 

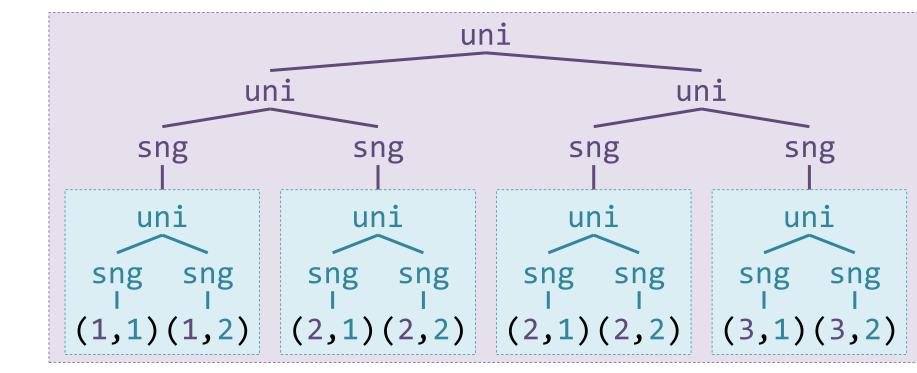
#### **Comprehension Semantics**

Comprehension syntax can be enabled in Scala if we extend the bag type to a monad using three second-order functions: map, flatMap, and withFilter.

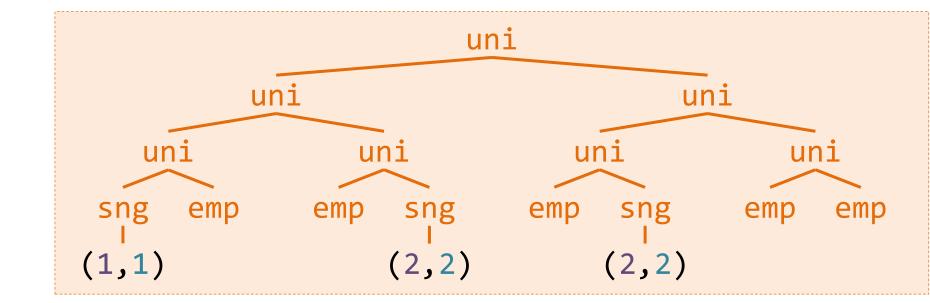
# Desugared Comprehension

```
xs.flatMap(x =>
ys.withFilter(y => x == y).map(y => (x, y)))
```

# Nested Map Result



# Flattened and Filtered Result



# Emma in Action

# **Basic Principles**

Reuse linguistic concepts available in Scala such as while loops, for-comprehensions, and product types.

Develop and test locally. When the code looks good, wrap it inside an *emma.parallelize* { ... } macro.

Emma will (1) identify maximal bag terms, (2) rewrite them holistically, and (3) transparently offload them on a parallel dataflow engine at runtime.

# **Example: Transitive Closure**

algorithm.run(rt.engine("spark")) // or "flink"

# Demonstration

Algorithm	Domain
TPC-H Queries	Relational
K-Means	Clustering
Naïve Bayes	Classification
Belief Propagation	Statistical inference
Triangle Count	Graph Analysis

# Learn More

Implicit Parallelism through Deep Language Embedding. SIGMOD Record 45(1): 51-58 (2016)

Implicit Parallelism through Deep Language Embedding. SIGMOD Conference 2015: 47-61











http://www.emma-language.org